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### Content

Title: Drinking Water Quality Standards Ch

Date: 2017.01.10

Legislative: 1. Nine Articles drafted and promulgated by Environmental Protection Administration Order (87) Huan-Shu-Tu-Tzu No. 004428 on February 4, 1998 2. Revisions to Article 3 promulgated by Environmental Protection Administration Order Huan-Shu-Tu-Tzu No. 0920028896 on May 7, 2003 3. Revisions to Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 promulgated by Environmental Protection Administration Order Huan-Shu-Tu-Tzu No. 0940039894 on May 30,

> 4. Revisions to Article 3 promulgated by Environmental Protection Administration Order Huan-Shu-Tu-Tzu No. 0960100652 on January 2, 2008 5. Revisions to Article 3 promulgated by Environmental Protection Administration Order Huan-Shu-Tu-Tzu No.0980106331E on November 26, 2009. 6. Revisions to Article 3 promulgated by Environmental Protection Administration Order Huan-Shu-Tu-Tzu No.1030001229 on January 9, 2014. 7. Revisions to Article 3, 4, 5 promulgated by Environmental Protection Administration Order Huan-Shu-Tu-Tzu No.1060000881 on January 10, 2017.

These Standards are determined pursuant to Article 11, Content: Article1 Paragraph 2 of the Drinking Water Management Act (herein referred to as "this Act").

Article2 These standards shall apply to drinking water supplied from drinking water equipment designated in Article 4 of this Act and other drinking water designated by the central competent authority. Regulations of these standards are set forth herein. Article3 I. Bacterial standards: (Samples for total bacterial count must be collected from the finished water distribution networks that receive water from water treatment utilities with disinfection regime)

Item	Maximum limit	Unit
1. Coliform group	6 (Multiple-tube fermentation method)	Most probable number (MPN)/100 milliliters
	6 (Membrane filtration method)	Colony-forming unit(CFU)/100 milliliters
2. Total bacterial count	100	Colony-forming unit(CFU)/milliliter

# II. Physical standards:

Item	Maximum limit	Uni t
1. Odor	3	Threshold odor number (TON)
2. Turbidity	2	NTU (nephelometric turbidity unit)
3. Color	5	Platinum-cobalt unit

## III. Chemical standards:

A. Substances that impact health:

Item	Maximum limit	Unit
1. Arsenic	0.01	milligrams/li ter

2. Lead		0.01	milligrams/li
3. Selenium	1	0.01	milligrams/li ter
4. Total ch	nromium	0.05	milligrams/li ter
5. Cadmium		0.005	milligrams/li ter
6. Barium		2.0	milligrams/li ter
7. Antimony	ſ	0.01	milligrams/li ter
8. Nickel		0.1 0.07 This standard is effective starting on July 1, 2018. 0.02 This standard is effective starting on July 1, 2020.	milligrams/li ter
9. Mercury		0.002 0.001 This standard is effective starting on July 1, 2020.	milligrams/li ter
10. Cyanide	e (as CN-)	0.05	milligrams/li ter
11. Nitrite	e-nitrogen	0.1	milligrams/li ter
on	12. Total Trihalomethanes	0.08	milligrams/li ter
byproducts	13. Haloacetic acids (This concentration is defined as the sum of measured concentrations for five haloacetic acids, including monochloroacetic acid (MCAA), dichloroacetic acid (DCAA), trichloroacetic acid (TCAA), monobromoacetic acid (MBAA), and dibromoacetic acid.)	0.060	milligrams/li ter
	14. Bromate	0.01	milligrams/li ter
	15. Chlorite (This regulation only applies to water supply systems that use gaseous chlorine dioxide as disinfectant)	0.7	milligrams/li ter

Volatile organic	16. Trichloroethene	0.005	milligrams/ ter
compounds	17. Carbon tetrachloride	0.005	milligrams/ ter
	18. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.20	milligrams/ ter
	19. 1,2-Dichloroethane	0.005	milligrams/ ter
	20. Vinyl chloride	0.002 0.0003 This standard is effective starting on July 1, 2018.	milligrams/ ter
	21. Benzene	0.005	milligrams/ ter
	22. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.075	milligrams/ ter
	23. 1.1-Dichloroethylene	0.007	milligrams/ ter
	24. Dichloromethane	0.02	milligrams/ ter
	25. 1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.6	milligrams/ ter
	26. Toluene	0.7	milligrams/ ter
	27. Xylenes (This regulated concentration for Xylenes is defined as the sum of the measured concentrations of three xylene isomers, including 1,2-Xylene, 1,3-Xylene, and 1,4-Xylene.)	0.5	milligrams/ ter
	28. Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.07	milligrams/ ter
	29. Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.1	milligrams/ ter
	30. Tetrachloroethene	0.005	milligrams/ ter
Agricultur al chemicals	31. Endosulfan	0.003	milligrams/ ter
CHEIII Cals	32. Lindane	0.0002	milligrams/ ter
	33. Butachlor	0.02	milligrams/ ter
	34. Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	0.07	milligrams/ ter
	35. Paraquat	0.01	milligrams/

			ter
	36. Methomyl	0.01	milligrams/li ter
	37. Carbofuran	0.02	milligrams/li ter
	38. Isoprocarb	0.02	milligrams/li ter
	39. Methamidophos	0.02	milligrams/li ter
	40. Diazinon	0.005	milligrams/li ter
	41. Parathion	0.02	milligrams/li ter
	42. EPN	0.005	milligrams/li ter
	43. Monocrotophos	0.003	milligrams/li ter
Persistent organic pollutants	This regulated concentration	3	Petagram - World Health Organization - total toxicity equivalency quantity/lite r (pg-WHO- TEQ/L)

B. Substances with potential health impact:

	Item	Maximum limit	Un i t	
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1. Flouride (as F-)	0.8	milligrams/li ter
2. Nitrate nitrogen	10.0	milligrams/li ter
3. Silver	0.05	milligrams/li ter
4. Molybdenum (This regulation only applies to water supply systems with a potential pollution source, such as those with semiconductor fabrication plants, optoelectronic manufacturing plants, or parts manufacturing plants, located within a 5-kilometer distance upstream from their water intake. The testing frequency is once per quarter. If the test values do not exceed the maximum permissible limits for two consecutive years, the testing frequency could reduce to once per year from the following year.)	0.07	milligrams/li ter
5. Indium (This regulation only applies to water supply systems with a potential pollution source, such as those with semiconductor fabrication plants, optoelectronic manufacturing plants, or parts manufacturing plants, located within a 5-kilometer distance upstream from their water intake The testing frequency is once per quarter. If the test values do not exceed the maximum permissible limits for two consecutive years, the testing frequency could reduce to once per year from the following year.)	0.07	milligrams/li ter

C. Contaminants that cause aesthetic, cosmetic, and technical effects:

Item	Maximum limit	Un i t
1. Iron	0.3	milligrams/li ter
2. Manganese	0.05	milligrams/li ter
3. Copper	1.0	milligrams/li ter
4. Zinc	5.0	milligrams/li ter
5. Sulfate (as $SO_4^{2-}$ )	250	milligrams/li ter
6. Phenols	0.001	milligrams/li ter
7. Anionic surface-active agents	0.5	milligrams/li ter
8. Chloride (as Cl–)	250	milligrams/li

		ter
9. Ammonia nitrogen	0.1	milligrams/li ter
10. Total hardness (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	300	milligrams/li ter
ll. Total dissolved solids	500	milligrams/li ter
12. Aluminum (This regulation concentration is defined as the concentration of total aluminum.)	0.3  0.2  This standard is effective starting on July 1, 2019. (This regulation is not applicable when the turbidity of the water source is over 500 NTU in the period of typhoon landfall warning, and when the turbidity of water source is over 1000 NTU during the three days after the warning is lifted.)	milligrams/li ter

D. Limit range of residual chlorine (Limited to water supply systems using chlorine as disinfectant):

Item	Limit range	Unit
Free available residual chlorine	0.2-1.0	milligrams/li ter

E. Range for pH index (water treated by stationary continuous water supply equipment on public or private premises are not be subjected to this limitation):

Ī	Item	Limit range	Unit
	Hydrogen ion concentration index (pH value)	6.0-8.5	No unit

Article4 For tap water, small water treatment facilities, and community-installed public water supply systems, when source water turbidity values exceed 1,500 NTU caused by torrential rains or other natural disasters, the maximum turbidity limit for drinking water may apply to 4 NTU.

Drinking water source turbidity testing data in the foregoing paragraph shall be provided by tap water enterprises, small water treatment units or community-installed public water supply units.

Article5 For tap water, small water treatment facilities, and community-installed public water supply systems, when source water turbidity values exceed 1,500 NTU caused by torrential rains or other natural disasters, the limit range of free available residual chlorine may apply to follow values (shall apply only to water supply systems that add chlorine disinfectants).

Item	Limit range	Unit
Free available residual chlorine	0.2-2.0	milligrams

Article6 (Deleted)

Article7 Testing methods for each water quality item designated in these Standards shall be designated and officially announced by the central competent authority.

Article8 A competent authority that conducts water quality analysis in accordance with these Standards may commission an approved analysis laboratory to assist with analysis.

Article9 Unless an implementation date is separately designated, the regulation items in these standards shall take effect on the date of promulgation.

Data Source: Ministry of Environment Laws and Regulations Retrieving System